



INFOGRAPHIC



IDENTITY CARD

<p>FLAG</p> 	<p>NAME:</p> <p>Italy</p>
<p>WHERE IN EUROPE IS IT SITUATED?</p> 	<p>SURFACE: 301.230 km²</p> <p>NUMBER OF INHABITANTS: 59,7 millions</p> <p>LANGUAGES (+ percentages)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- main language: Italian- other official languages: Albanian, Catalan, Croatian, French, German and Ladin <p>CAPITAL:</p> <p>ROMA (Rome)</p>



STATISTICS

Here we want you to **describe your country with the help of numbers** (graphs) concerning **four themes: health, environment, education and politics**.

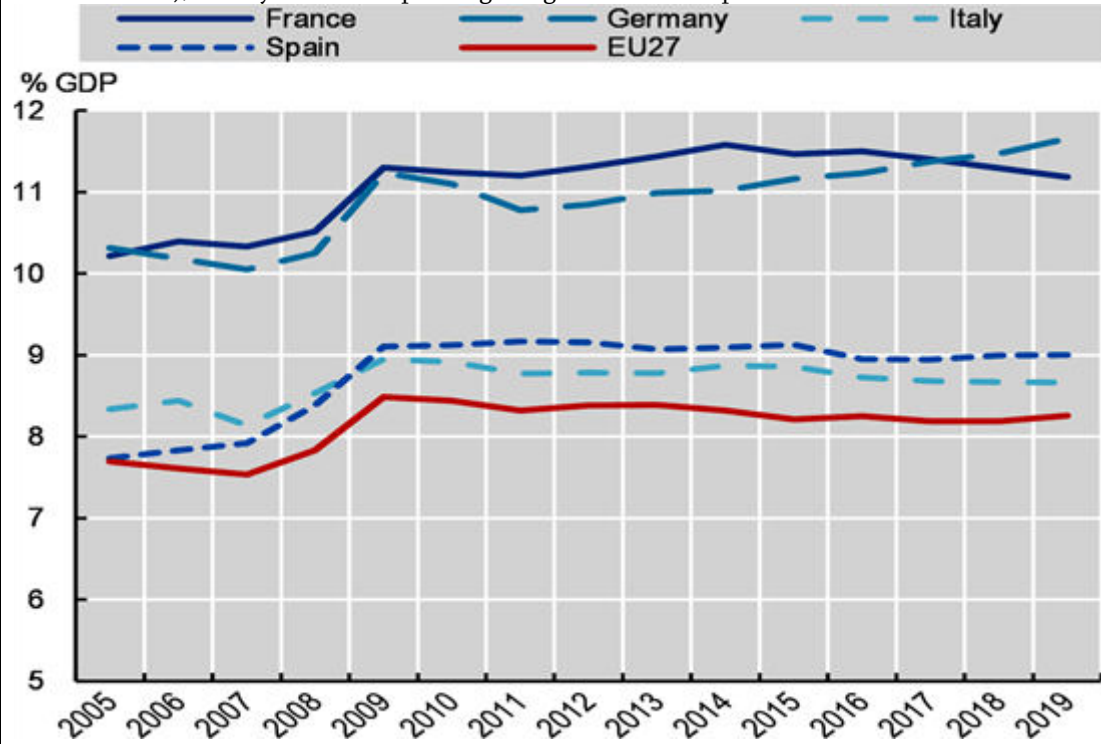
For **each theme** you need to insert **3 different graphs** having to do with the questions you receive.



HEALTH -
GRAPH 1

What is the evolution of **the healthcare expenditure** relative to the GDP in your country in the last ten years? Compare with the European Union average.

Health spending grew slowly before the pandemic. In 2019, Italy spent 8.7 % of GDP on health care, compared to the EU average of 9.9 %. The increase is due to both a decrease in nominal GDP and an increase in public spending on health (€ 1,073 billion in 2020 compared to € 978 billion in 2019), mainly related to spending to fight the COVID pandemic 19.

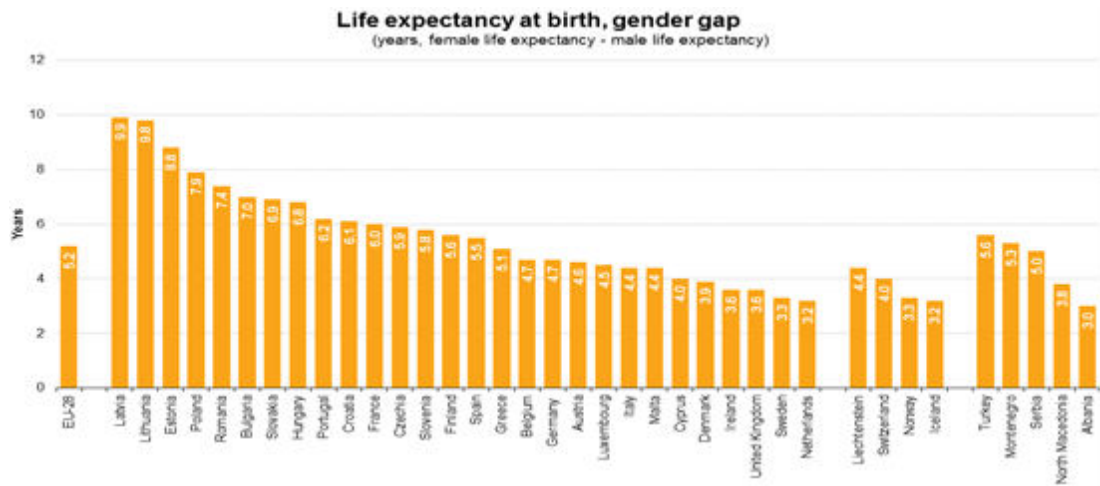
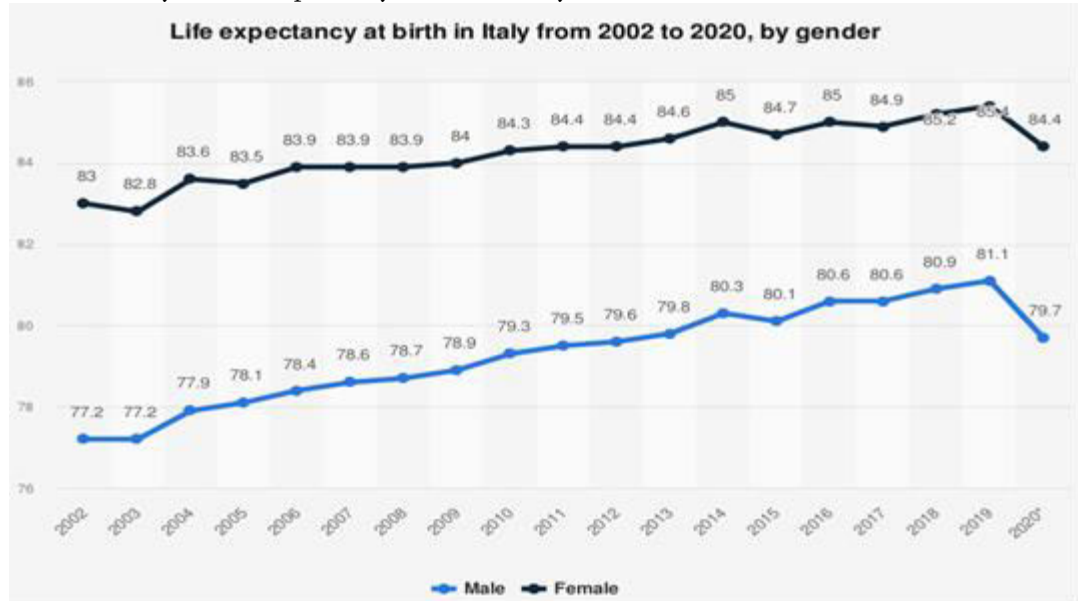




HEALTH -
GRAPH 2

What is the **evolution in life expectancy at birth** in your country (males, females) in the last ten years? Compare it with the EU average.

In the last 10 years the expectancy at birth in Italy is: 51,5% for males and 48,5% for females

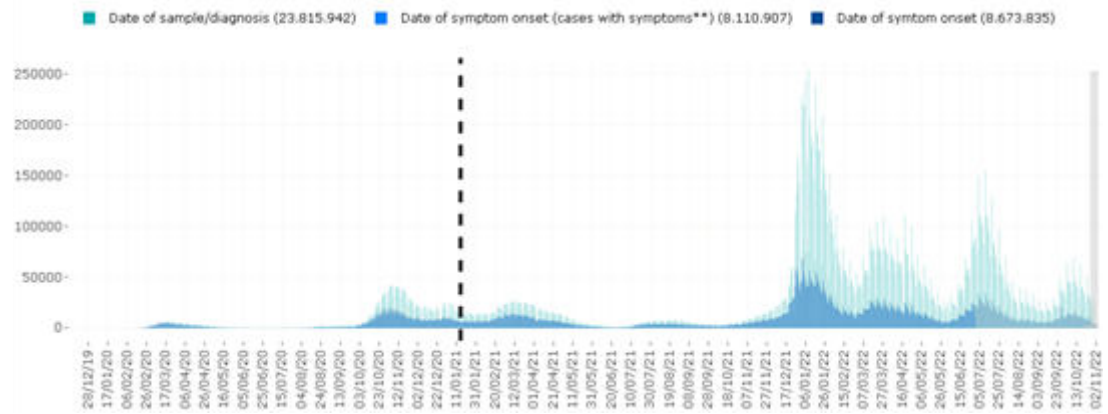




HEALTH -
GRAPH 3

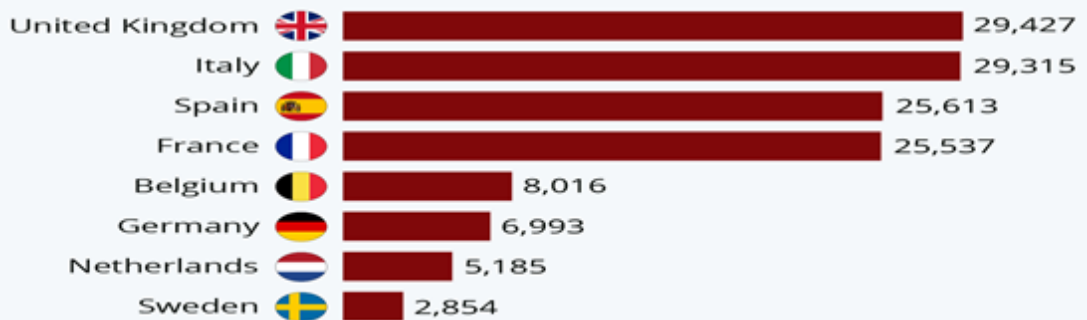
What is the **reported Covid-19 death toll** in your country? Make an infographic with the total of deaths, the deaths per 1 million people, and compare it with the European average.

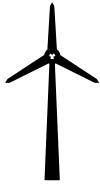
The first two cases of Coronavirus (COVID-19) in Italy were recorded between the end of January and the beginning of February 2020. Since then, the total number of cases in Italy increased steadily and the country faced five harsh waves of contagion. At the current date the total number of cases is 23,531,023.



Covid-19: Countries in Europe with the most deaths

European countries with the most Covid-19 associated deaths



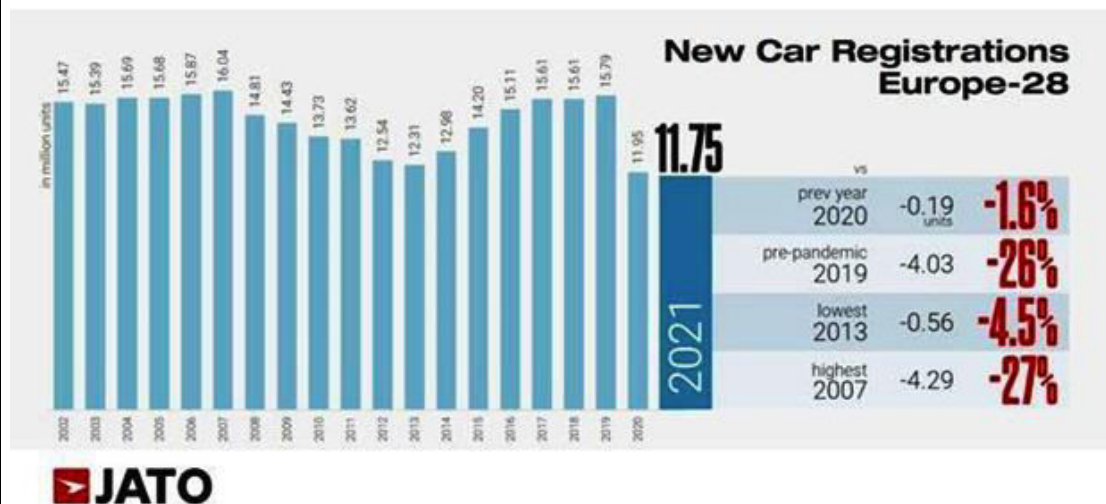


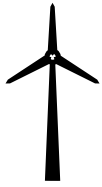
ENVIRONMENT
GRAPH 1

Make an infographic about **the passenger cars** (per 1000 inhabitants) and compare your findings with the EU average.

Italy is one of the European nations with the most cars, considering its inhabitants. According to the latest data released by the European statistical agency, in Italy there are 663 cars per thousand inhabitants. Our country is the second in the European Union by motorization rate. While for example a higher number it is in Luxembourg, with 676 cars per thousand inhabitants. With a small difference: in Luxembourg the GDP is of 116,639 euros while in Italy it drops to 34,483. Cyprus and Finland are third with 629 cars, Poland 617 and then Malta with 608. Another important aspect, its that 56% of cars in our country have between 5 and 20 years of seniority, so over 23 million vehicles. With therefore the difference between these two countries, it's the relative to the rate of renewal of the vehicles which is composed from the percentage of the first registrations on the total of practical cars. In the lower part of the ranking found there is Italy with about 5%

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ENVIRONMENT
GRAPH 2

Make an infographic about **the greenhouse gas emissions** (expressed as index 1990 = 100) and compare it with the EU average.

Italy generates 11.4% of the EU's total greenhouse gas emissions and has reduced emissions at a faster pace than the EU average since 2005. Emissions decreased across all economic sectors in Italy over the 2005-2019 period, with the agricultural sector showing the lowest reductions.

Greenhouse gas emissions in the EU fell by 32% between 1990 and 2020 across sectors including energy and manufacturing, Eurostat says.

Between 1990 and 2020, the European Union (EU) said it managed to reduce greenhouse gas emissions across a range of sectors by the equivalent of more than 1.5 billion tonnes of carbon dioxide. This is a fall in emissions of 32%, says Eurostat, the EU's statistical office, which published the data.



ENVIRONMENT
GRAPH 3

How much of the energy used in your country comes **from renewable energy**? Make an infographic as % of the gross final energy consumption and compare it with the EU average.

ITALY	
1970-2000	5-9%
2007	6%
2010	10.7%
2014	18.5%
2017	15%
2019	16.3%



What is the share of the population aged 25-34 with tertiary education in your country (as a % of the population aged 25-34) and compare it with the EU average.

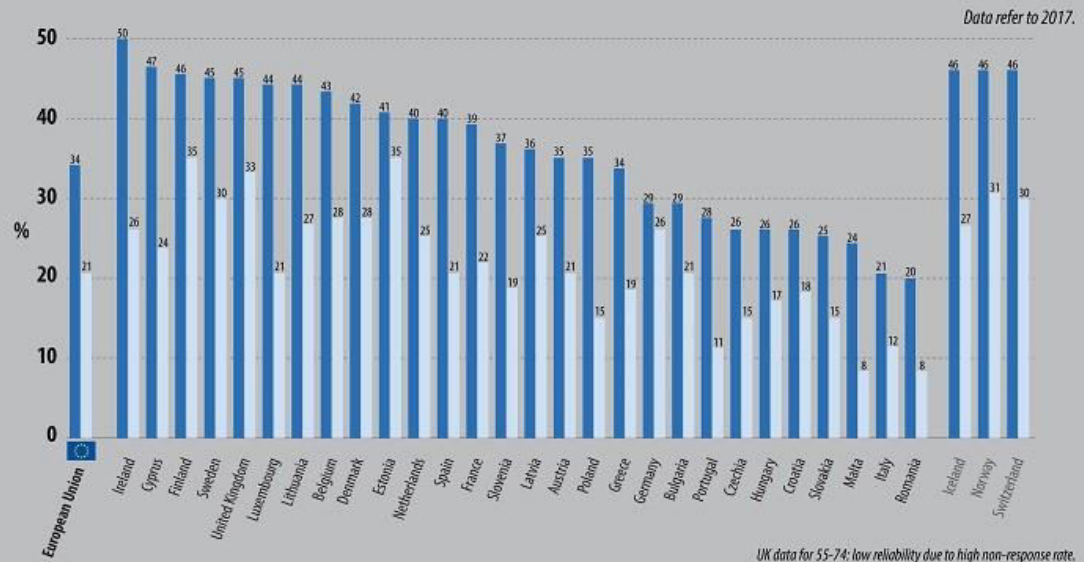
In Italy the percentage of people aged 25-34 with tertiary institution is 20% while in EU it is 40,5%.

EDUCATION
GRAPH 1

Tertiary educational attainment by age groups



% of those aged 25-54 and 55-74 having successfully completed tertiary education



UK data for 55-74: low reliability due to high non-response rate.

ec.europa.eu/eurostat



Make an infographic **with the timetable of the language education** in your class. In other words, how many hours are spent on language education in your class? And what languages are taught?

EDUCATION
GRAPH 2

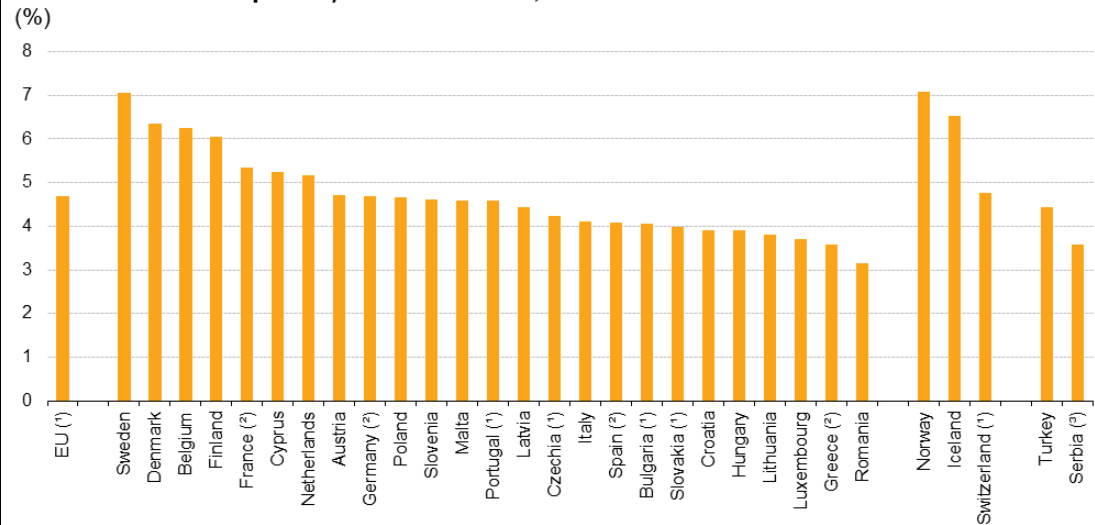
In my class are spent at least 10 hours of language education every week but 14 counting Italian too. The languages taught are French, Spanish and English



Make an infographic about **the expenditure on education** (excluding early childhood educational development) as 1) a share of public expenditure and 2) as a % of the GDP and compare it with the EU average.

EDUCATION
GRAPH 3

Public expenditure on education (excluding early childhood educational development) relative to GDP, 2019 (%)



Note: Estonia and Ireland, not available.

(*) 2018.

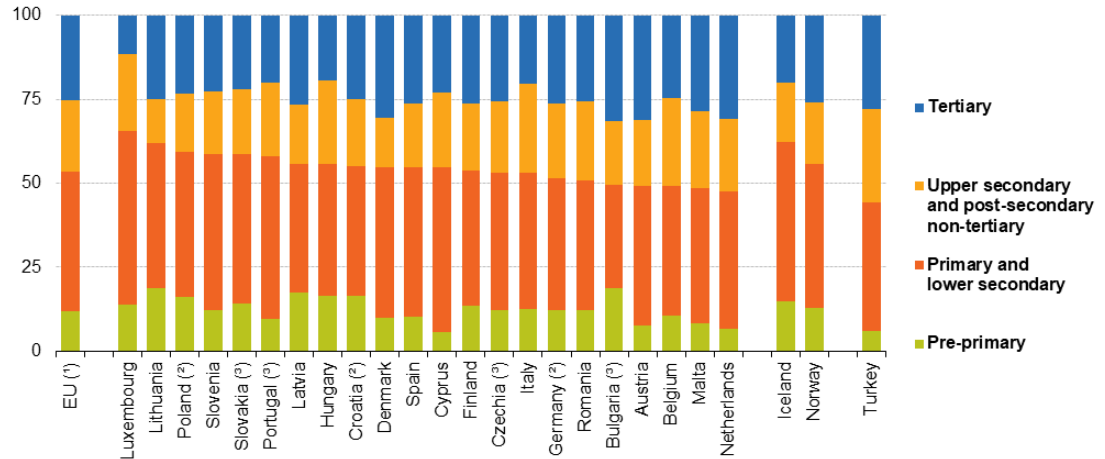
(†) Provisional.

(‡) 2017. Definition differs.

Source: Eurostat (online data code: educ_uoe_fine06)

Distribution of expenditure on education (excluding early childhood educational development) by level of education, 2019

(% of expenditure on education)



Note: ranked on the combined share for pre-primary, primary and lower secondary. Estonia, Ireland, Greece, France and Sweden: not available.

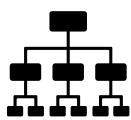
(*) 2017.

(*) Definition differs.

(*) 2018.

Source: Eurostat (online data code: educ_uoe_fine01)

eurostat



POLITICS
GRAPH 1

What is the **gender situation (men – women) in your national parliament** today? Make an infographic with the situation as a percent of the total MP's. E.g. 30% women versus 70% men and compare with the EU average.

ITALY:

63,9%

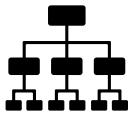


36,1%

EU AVERAGE:



67,2% 32,8%

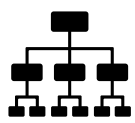


POLITICS
GRAPH 2

Make an infographic about the result of the **political parties in the last parliamentary elections**. Highlight the result of the right-wing populist party.

	CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES	SENATE		CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES	SENATE
	43,80%	44%		26,10%	26%
CENTER RIGHT			CENTER LEFT		

	CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES	SENATE
	15,4%	15,6%
5 STAR MOVEMENT		
	7,8%	7,7%
CENTER		
	6,9%	6,9%
OTHERS		



POLITICS
GRAPH 3

Make an infographic about **the essentials of the political system in your country**: Choose from the following political systems: parliamentary republic, presidential republic, constitutional monarchy, autocratic monarchy.



THE PARLIAMENTARY REPUBLIC:

They elect the



They approve and control the
GOVERNMENT

Senate

Chamber of Deputies



They elect

